

# Ocena wydajności przykładowego systemu webowego

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Work-in-Progress

# Table of Contents

- **Introduction** (how to resolve this problem)
- **Container-based Web System Architecture** (multi-node system structure)
- **Experiments and Estimations** (tests)
- **QPN Simulations** (performance analysis)

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- Introduction – Motivation, a problem statement and my approach
- Container-based Web System Architecture
- Experiments and Estimations
- QPN Simulations

# Publications

## QPN models<sup>a</sup>

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<sup>a</sup> Rak T.: **Modeling Web Client and System Behavior**, (2020)  
doi:10.3390/info11060337

Rak T.: **Cluster-Based Web System Models for Different Classes of Clients in QPN**, (2019) doi:10.1007/978-3-030-21952-9\_26

Rak T.: **Performance Modeling Using Queueing Petri Nets** (2017)  
doi:10.1007/978-3-319-59767-6\_26

Rak T.: **Response Time Analysis of Distributed Web Systems Using QPNs**, (2015)  
doi:10.1155/2015/490835

Rak T.: **Performance Analysis of Distributed Internet System Models Using QPN Simulation**, (2014) doi:10.15439/2014F366

Rak T.: **Performance Analysis of Cluster-Based Web System Using the QPN Models**, (2014) doi:10.1007/978-3-319-09465-6\_25

# Parametry, od których zależy czas odpowiedzi

- *Service/Resource Demand, Residence Time*
- *Workload Intensivity*

Czas odpowiedzi (response time) jest równy sumie czasów obsługi w poszczególnych zasobach (residence time), gdzie:  $i$  - liczba miejsc:

$$R = \sum_i^{k=1} R'_k \quad (1)$$

Czas obsługi w zasobie (residence time) jest sumą czasu spędzonego w kolejce (queueing time) i średniego czasu obsługi dla zasobu (resource demand):

$$R'_k = Q_k + D_k \quad (2)$$

gdzie, czas spędzony w kolejce (czas oczekiwania) na zasób to  $Q_k = \sum_i^{k=1} q_k$  i średni czas obsługi w określonym zasobie to  $D_k = \sum_i^{k=1} d_k$ .

Średni czas obsługi w określonym zasobie, z wyłączeniem czasu oczekiwania na zasób.

[<https://research.spec.org/tools/overview/librede.html>]

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# Docker Engine in Swarm Mode

```
tr -> debian@debian-122: ~ ssh debian@62.93.61.19 -p 40002 -t 198x26
~ debian@debian-122: ~ ssh debain@62.95.61.19 -p 40002

debain@debian-122:~$ sudo docker system df; sudo docker service ls
TYPE            TOTAL ACTIVE
Images          68     26
Containers      17     12
Local Volumes   0      0
Build Cache     0      0
[...]
1
debain@debian-122:~$ sudo docker system df; sudo docker service ls
TYPE            TOTAL ACTIVE
Images          68     26
Containers      17     12
Local Volumes   0      0
Build Cache     0      0
[...]
debain@debian-122:~$ sudo docker system df; sudo docker service ls
TYPE            TOTAL ACTIVE
Images          68     26
Containers      17     12
Local Volumes   0      0
Build Cache     0      0
[...]
```

```
tr -> debain@debian-122: ~ ssh debian@62.93.61.19 -p 40002 -t 198x26
~ debian@debian-122: ~ ssh debain@62.95.61.19 -p 40002
5
debain@debian-122:~$ sudo docker system df; sudo docker service ls
TYPE            TOTAL ACTIVE
Images          68     13
Containers      25     16
Local Volumes   0      0
Build Cache     0      0
[...]
debain@debian-122:~$ sudo docker system df; sudo docker service ls
TYPE            TOTAL ACTIVE
Images          68     13
Containers      25     16
Local Volumes   0      0
Build Cache     0      0
[...]
debain@debian-122:~$ sudo docker system df; sudo docker service ls
TYPE            TOTAL ACTIVE
Images          68     13
Containers      25     16
Local Volumes   0      0
Build Cache     0      0
[...]
```

```
tr -> debain@debian-122: ~ ssh debian@62.93.61.19 -p 40002 -t 198x26
~ debian@debian-122: ~ ssh debain@62.95.61.19 -p 40002
10
debain@debian-122:~$ sudo docker system df; sudo docker service ls
TYPE            TOTAL ACTIVE
Images          68     26
Containers      26     21
Local Volumes   0      0
Build Cache     0      0
[...]
10
debain@debian-122:~$ sudo docker system df; sudo docker service ls
TYPE            TOTAL ACTIVE
Images          68     26
Containers      26     21
Local Volumes   0      0
Build Cache     0      0
[...]
debain@debian-122:~$ sudo docker system df; sudo docker service ls
TYPE            TOTAL ACTIVE
Images          68     26
Containers      26     21
Local Volumes   0      0
Build Cache     0      0
[...]
```

## Debian 10 (2020.05) GL

CPU: 4 RAM: 10GB HDD: 100GB

## Debian 10 (2020.05) GL

CPU: 8 RAM: 20GB HDD: 100GB

## Debian 10 (2020.05) GL

CPU: 12 RAM: 30GB HDD: 100GB

# Transactions and API Endpoints

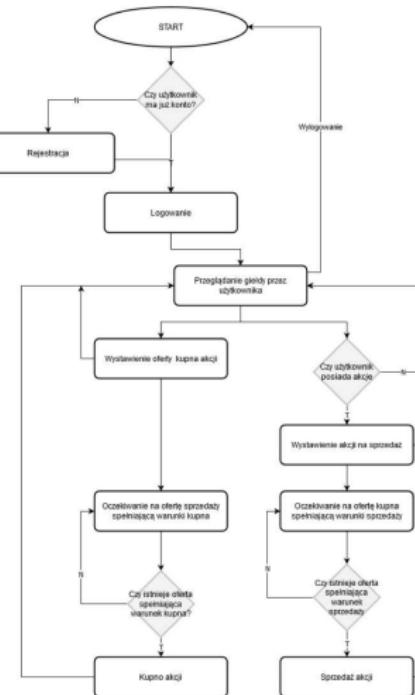
- User registration
  - (1) User registration
  - (2) User login; (3) User logout
  - (4) Create a new purchase offer; (5) Delete the purchase offer
  - (6) Create a new sale offer; (7) Delete the sale offer
  - (8) Return the list of companies
  - (9) Return the list of all companies; (10) Return details about the company
  - (11) Details of the current user, adding users, editing the user
  - (12) Return the current user's wallet status
  - (13) Return the list of resources owned by the user
  - (14) Return the list of active sell/buy offers for a given user
  - (15) Return the list of completed transactions for a given user
  - (16) Return the list of all available actions
  - (17) Allow you to buy stocks at the current price
  - (18) Allow you to sell stocks at the current price
  - (19) Return the list of all buy and sell orders: active and closed
  - (20) Return the list of all buy and sell orders for a given action: active and closed
- User login
- Buying stock
- Selling stock
- Display the list of companies
- Display details of a given company
- Display the user's profile
- Display offers
- Create an offer

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# Benchmark

The screenshot shows a web-based application window titled "front-end-aplikacji-testującej". The URL is "127.0.0.1:8082/test/generate". The main content area is titled "New Test". It includes fields for "Test Type" (set to "Oferty kupna do oporu"), "User Amount", and "Test Queries". A message at the bottom says "Another test is already running, please wait...". A "Start Test" button is visible.



# Tests Scenarios

## S1 - kupuj do oporu i wystawiaj oferty sprzedaży (kdoiwos)

- Rejestracja użytkownika
- Logowanie
- Lista wszystkich dostępnych zasobów
- Stan portfela obecnego użytkownika
- Kupno pojedynczego zasobu
- Lista zasobów posiadanych przez użytkownika
- Oferty sprzedaży
- Lista obecnych ofert sprzedaży/kupna danego użytkownika
- Lista zrealizowanych transakcji danego użytkownika

## S2 - kupuj i sprzedawaj (kis)

- Rejestracja użytkownika
- Logowanie
- Lista wszystkich dostępnych zasobów
- Stan portfela obecnego użytkownika
- Kupno pojedynczego zasobu
- Lista zasobów posiadanych przez użytkownika
- Oferty sprzedaży
- Sprzedaż pojedynczego zasobu
- Lista obecnych ofert sprzedaży/kupna danego użytkownika
- Oferty sprzedaży

## S3 - kupuj kolejne dopóki są fundusze (kkdsf)

- Rejestracja użytkownika
- Logowanie
- Lista wszystkich dostępnych zasobów
- Stan portfela obecnego użytkownika
- Kupno pojedynczego zasobu

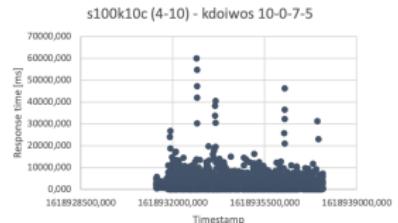
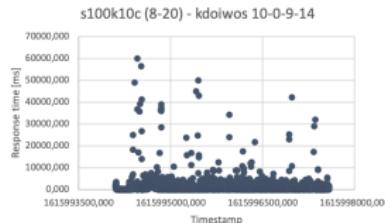
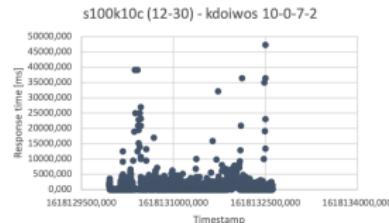
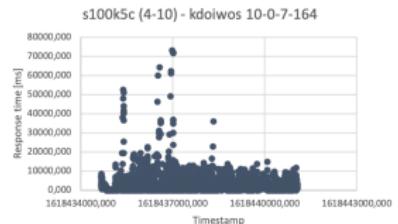
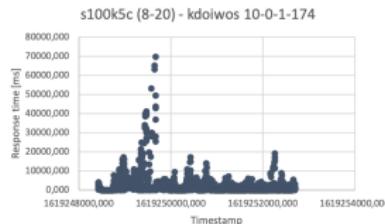
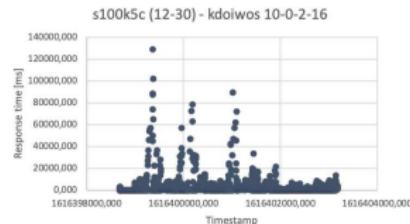
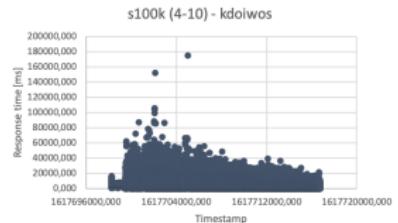
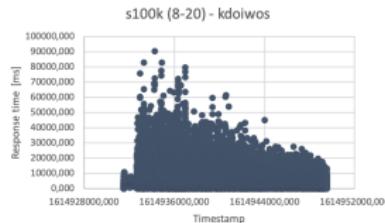
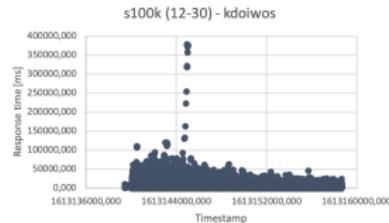
# Multi-Container Laboratory Environment

Parameter	Scenario	S1			S2			S3		
		Exp. 1	Exp. 2	Exp. 3	Exp. 1	Exp. 2	Exp. 3	Exp. 1	Exp. 2	Exp. 3
Processors		12	8	4						
RAM [GB]		30	20	10						
Container <sup>(a)</sup>	1	5	10	1	5	10	1	5	10	
$1/\text{Think\_time}$ - [req/s] <sup>(b)</sup>	6,242	4,849	3,826	6,732	5,009	2,975	6,366	3,152	1,644	
$\text{Think\_time}$ - [s]	0,166	0,207	0,261	0,155	0,200	0,337	0,164	0,317	0,610	

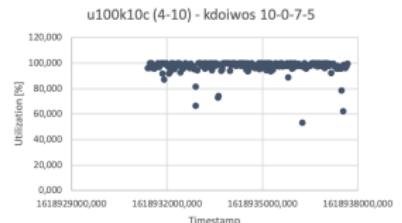
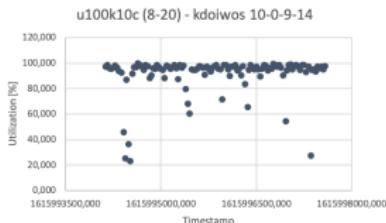
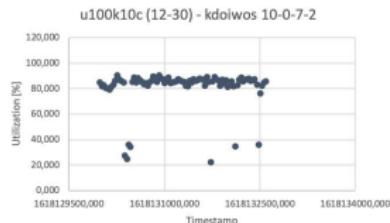
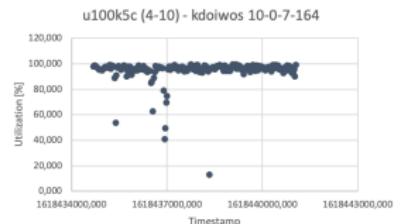
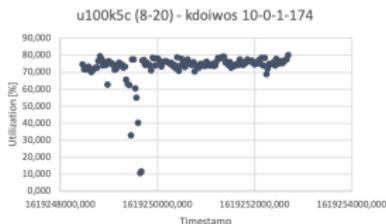
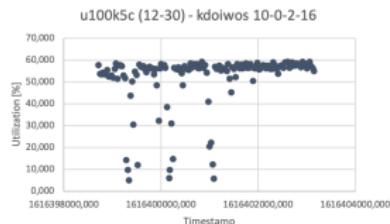
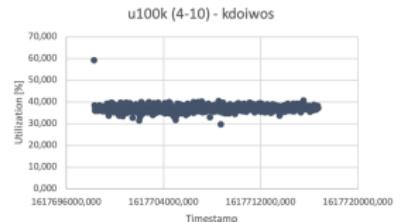
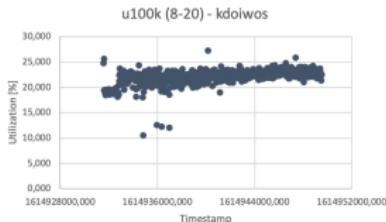
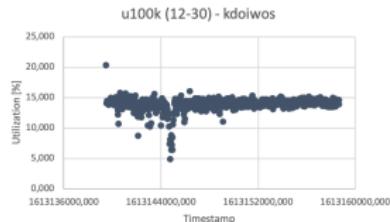
(a) Number of database connections in all cases is equal 90 per container.

(b) Number of clients (workload) in all cases is equal 90.

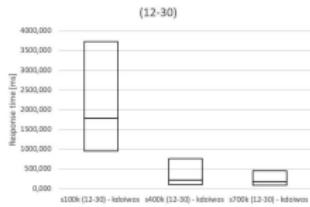
# Response Time - 100000 [req]



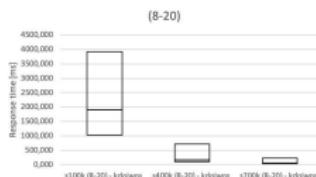
# Utilization - 100000 [req]



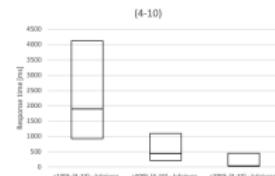
# Response Time - 100000, 400000, 700000 [req]



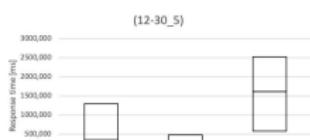
0,904[s]



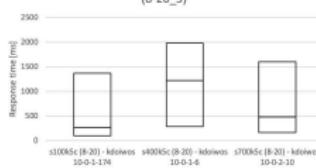
1,128[s]



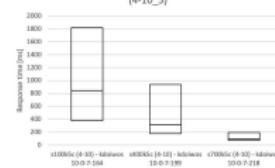
0,804[s]



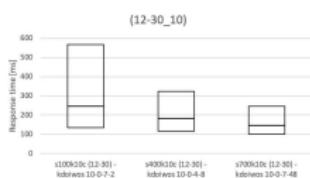
1,014[s]



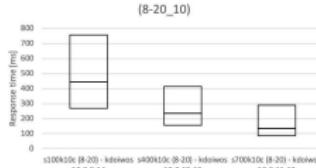
0,928[s]



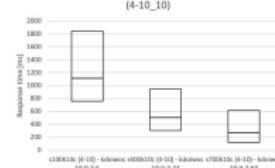
1,455[s]



0,599[s]

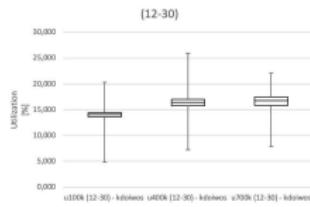


0,871[s]

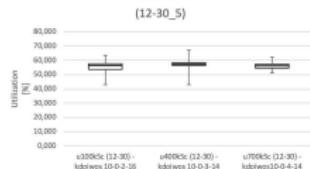


0,846[s]

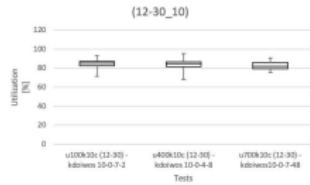
# Utilization - 100000, 400000, 700000 [req]



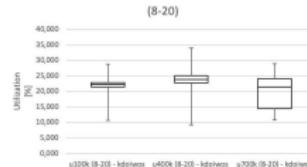
15[%]



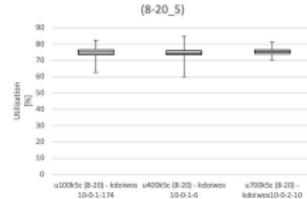
54[%]



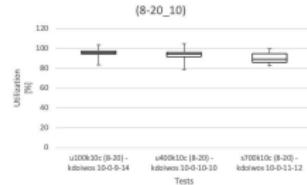
81[%]



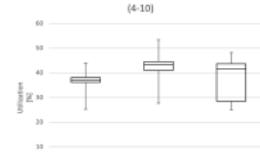
22[%]



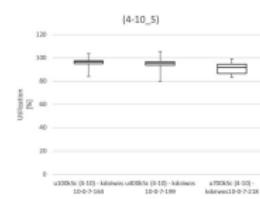
72[%]



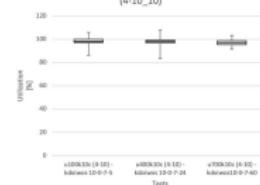
90[%]



39[%]



93[%]



97[%]

## CSV Files

service10-0-2-39kdoiwos700k.csv		host10-0-2-39kdoiwos700k.csv	
A	B	A	B
1613373696.191592	1753.28	1613373697.339968	16.773873873873868
1613373696.477225	1678.788	1613373726	22.089999999999996
1613373696.610037	1797.967	1613373756	15.398872180451129
1613373696.71201	1825.4660000000001	1613373786	16.288888888888888
1613373696.899689	1944.281	1613373816	16.486290322580643
1613373696.908943	2205.3889999999997	1613373846	16.274297188755025
1613373696.909508	2130.187	1613373876	15.531600000000003
1613373697.007817	1554.035	1613373906	17.109090909090902
1613373697.219769	1987.484	1613373936	16.948387096774198
1613373697.339968	2473.657	1613373966	17.23089430894309
1613373697.38726	1815.132	1613373996	17.32521008403361
1613373697.40506	2685.619	1613374026	17.339999999999996
1613373697.433444	2025.426	1613374056	17.661410788381737
1613373697.607027	3051.282	1613374086	17.773333333333333
1613373697.61033	2449.798	1613374116	17.5984
1613373697.649196	2908.2309999999998	1613374146	18.56639004149378
1613373697.64965	1915.103	1613374176	18.3688524590164
1613373697.669059	2292.038	1613374206	17.9771186440678
1613373697.690058	2793.94	1613374236	17.695238095238103
1613373697.695824	2214.272	1613374266	18.063274336283182
1613373697.784446	2908.925	1613374296	16.811740890688245
1613373697.816416	2522.0099999999998	1613374326	17.689719626168227
1613373697.889472	1511.943	1613374356	17.55248868778281
1613373698.347836	2646.2870000000003	1613374386	17.81792452830188
1613373698.58034	2376.822	1613374416	17.740888888888904
1613373698.772177	2561.2180000000003	1613374446	17.583333333333333
1613373698.980211	2559.198	1613374476	18.61674208144796
1613373698.981579	2792.2349999999997	1613374506	18.604977375565614
		1613374536	17.484507042253522
		1613374566	18.026146788900836

# Estimation Approaches

The screenshot shows the LibreDe Estimation Model Editor interface in Eclipse IDE.

**A: Activated Estimation Approaches**

- Service Demand Law
- Recursive Optimization using Response Times and Utilization
- Kalman Filter using Utilization Law
- Kalman Filter using Response Times and Utilization
- Recursive Optimization using Response Times
- Approximation with Response Times
- Least-squares Regression using Utilization Law
- Least-squares Regression using Queue Lengths and Response Times

**B: Interval Settings**

Step Size	120	s (seconds)
Start Date	11.04.2021	10:32:36
As Timestamp	1618129956.451343	s (seconds)
End Date	11.04.2021	11:16:55
As Timestamp	1618132615.047289	s (seconds)

Recursive Execution  
 Automatic Approach Selection  
Window Size: 60

**C: Validation Results**

Resource	Service	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]
host	service	1,24053s 288,32069s 0,99911s 0,83257s 1,21892s 1,22595s 287,85777s 256,96708s									

**Workload Description**

Resource	Service	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]
host	service	1,3809e+00 159,22437s 2,82937e+02 46253,98182% 1,03274e+00 93,68514% 9,25605e-01 78,62753% 1,30003e+00 13									

**Cross-Validation Results:**

Resource or service	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]
service	1,3809e+00 159,22437s 2,82937e+02 46253,98182% 1,03274e+00 93,68514% 9,25605e-01 78,62753% 1,30003e+00 13									

**Utilization Law Validator (Absolute):**

Resource or service	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]
host	3,90452e-01 8145,88158% 8,53533e+01 1891,92551% 3,04908e-01 8174,35066% 2,75546e-01 8177,29211% 3,08516e-0									

**Utilization Law Validator (Relative):**

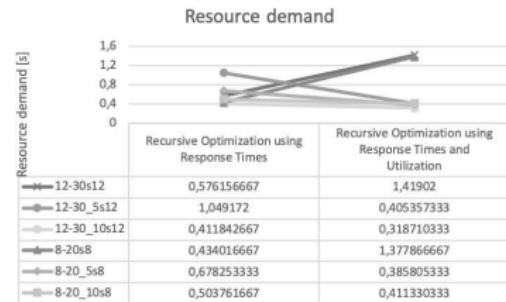
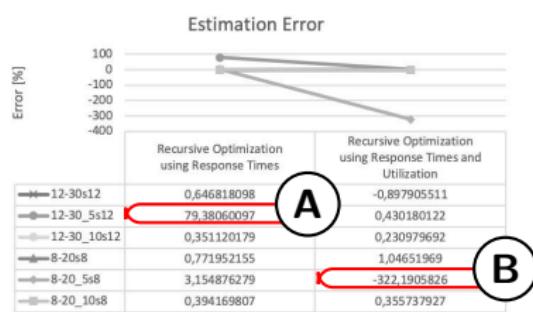
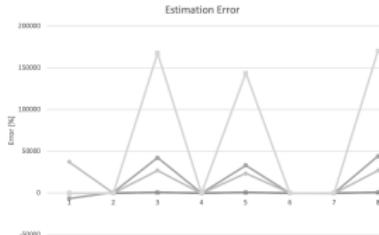
Resource or service	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]
host	3,90452e-01 99,52913% 8,53533e+01 14,21188% 3,04908e-01 99,65223% 2,75546e-01 99,66957% 3,08516e-01 99,541									

**Response Time Validator:**

Resource or service	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]
service	1,3809e+00 159,22437s 2,82937e+02 46253,98182% 1,03274e+00 93,68514% 9,25605e-01 78,62753% 1,30003e+00 13									

# Methods

(1) Approximation with Response Times; (2) Kalman Filter using Response Times and Utilization; (3) Kalman Filter using Utilization Law; (4) Least-squares Regression using Queue Lengths and Response Times; (5) Least-squares Regression using Utilization Law; (6) Recursive Optimization using Response Times; (7) Recursive Optimization using Response Times and Utilization; (8) Service Demand Law



# Average Resource Demand

	<i>Resource_demand [s]</i>	<i>1/Resource_demand [req/s]</i>
12-30 <sup>(a)</sup>	0,997588333	1,002417497
12-30_5 <sup>(b)</sup>	0,727264667	1,37501524
12-30_10 <sup>(b)</sup>	0,3652765	2,737652162
8-20 <sup>(a)</sup>	0,905941667	1,10382383
8-20_5 <sup>(b)</sup>	0,532029333	1,879595611
8-20_10 <sup>(b)</sup>	0,457546	2,185572598
4-10 <sup>(a)</sup>	0,849838333	1,176694391
4-10_5 <sup>(b)</sup>	<del>0,397753</del>	<del>2,514123086</del>
4-10_10 <sup>(b)</sup>	<del>0,736487259</del>	<del>1,35779674</del>

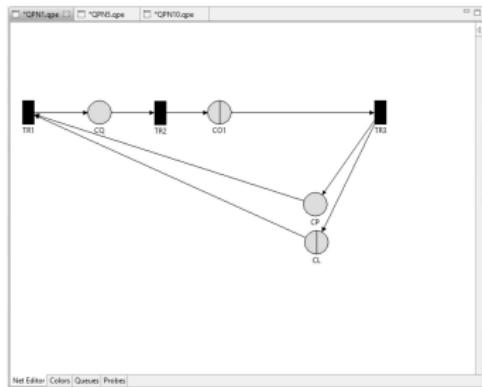
<sup>(a)</sup> One container.

<sup>(a)</sup> The single container.

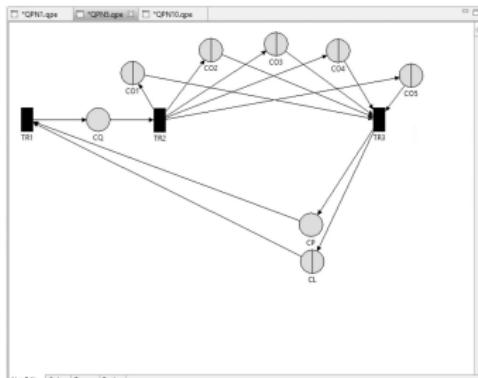
# Table of Contents

- Introduction
- Cluster-based Web System Architecture
- Experiments and Estimations
- QPN Simulations – performance analysis of container-based system

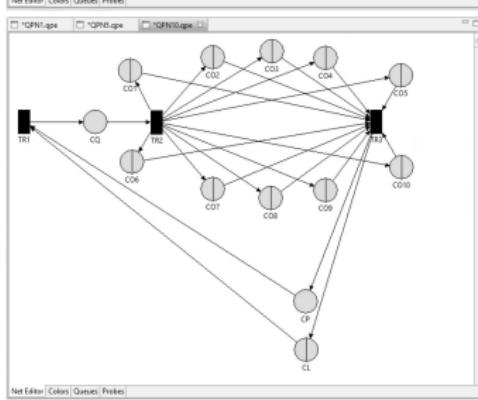
# QP Net



QPN1



QPN5



QPN10

# Input Parameters of Simulations (Client and System)

	Scenario			S1	S2	S3			
Parameter	Sim. 1			Sim. 2			Sim. 3		
Number of servers (a)	12			8			4		
Model	QPN1	QPN5	QPN10	QPN1	QPN5	QPN10	QPN1	QPN5	QPN10
$CL$ queueing place	90			90			90		
$X_{CL}$ - [req/s]	6,242	4,849	3,826	6,732	5,064	2,975	6,366	3,152	1,644
$CP$ place (b)	90			90			90		
$X_{CO_i}$ - [req/s] (c)	1,002	1,375	2,737	1,103	1,879	2,185	0,164	0,317	0,610

(a) FCFS scheduling strategy.

(b) Connections for containers – Initial marking.

(c)  $i$  - number of containers (1, 5, 10).

# Response Time

	12-30 <sup>(a)</sup>	12-30_5 <sup>(b)</sup>	12-30_10 <sup>(b)</sup>
Simulation [s]	1,003483	1,222707	0,528284
Measured [s]	0,904	1,014	0,599
Error [%]	-11,00475664	-20,58254438	11,80567613

	8-20 <sup>(a)</sup>	8-20_5 <sup>(b)</sup>	8-20_10 <sup>(b)</sup>
Simulation [s]	1,075831	0,832224	0,711255
Measured [s]	1,128	0,928	0,871
Error [%]	4,624911348	10,32068966	18,34041332

	4-10 <sup>(a)</sup>	4-10_5 <sup>(b)</sup>	4-10_10 <sup>(b)</sup>
Simulation [s]	0,851	1,914936	2,031159
Measured [s]	0,804	1,455	0,846
Error [%]	-5,845771144	-31,61072165	-14,008977163

<sup>(a)</sup> One container.

<sup>(b)</sup> The single container.

# Conclusions

The convergence of simulation results with the real system results confirms model correctness.

- We can use the proposed analysis to apply the modification of the container-based system without interfering into the system construction or software (main achievement).
- It is possible to analyze the influence of the containers number for the system response time (practical value).
- The modeling approach presented in this presentation differs from my previous works where it was based on resource demand measurement of native system.

Daniel A. Menascé

"Verify and validate the models (...) a certain acceptable margin of error (...) resource utilizations within 10%, system throughput within 10%, and response time within 20% are considered acceptable."

# Ocena wydajności przykładowego systemu webowego

Thank you for your attention!

## Related Works (2021):

**Czachórski, T.**: Time-Dependent Performance of a Multi-Hop Software Defined Network

**Herbst, J., et al.**: SuanMing: Explainable Prediction of Performance Degradations in Microservice Applications

**Iosup, A., et al.**: An Analysis of Distributed Systems Syllabi With a Focus on Performance-Related Topics

**Kounev, S.**: A New Course on Systems Benchmarking - For Scientists and Engineers

**Nguyen, V.Q., et al.**: Efficiently Estimating Joining Cost of Subqueries in Regular Path Queries

**Rygielski, P.**: A Simulation-Based Optimization Framework for Online Adaptation of Networks

**Zatwarnicki, K.**: Acquisition and Modeling of Website Parameters

Introduction (5)

Container-based Web System Architecture (8)

Experiments and Estimations (11)

QPN Simulations (23)

估計並不總是關於計算。

"Estimation is not always about doing calculations."